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direction;

wherein when a thickness of a body section of the saw blade is D, and a set width is T, and where α is a setting coefficient, a relationship that $T = D + 2\alpha$ is established; wherein a relationship between the thickness D of the body section and the coefficient α is established in a manner such that

when 0.85 mm \leq D \leq 0.95 mm, 0.15 mm \leq α \leq 0.35 mm is established; when 0.96 mm < D \leq 1.2 mm, 0.2 mm \leq α \leq 0.4 mm is established; when 1.2 mm < D \leq 1.5 mm, 0.25 mm \leq α \leq 0.43 mm is established; when 1.5 mm < D \leq 1.7 mm, 0.3 mm \leq α \leq 0.5 mm is established; or when 1.7 mm < D, 0.35 mm \leq α \leq 0.6 mm is established;

wherein a small-diameter curl forming section for small curling chips generated at the time of cutting a workpiece is provided at a tip portion of saw teeth;

wherein the small-diameter curl forming section has a plane rake face, which extends by a predetermined length from the point of the saw tooth to a direction of a gullet bottom section of the saw blade, and a curved face which is continuous to the rake face;

wherein in the case where a vertical line is drawn from a cross position between the curved face and a gullet forming curved face forming the gullet section towards a direction of the cutting by means of the saw teeth, when a dimension from the vertical line to the point of the saw tooth is A and when a radius of the curved face is R, a relationship that $R/2 < A \le 2R$ is established;

wherein the cross position between the curved face and the gullet forming curved face is protruded from the curved face and the gullet forming curved face; and wherein the cross position is rounded.--